

Research Project:

# Market Potentials of Alternative Vehicles and Fuels up to 2050

A3plus - Technology Program

"Austrian Advanced Automotive Technology"

Sponsored by the Austrian Ministry of Transport, Innovation and Technology



Partners: Joanneum Research Forschungsgesellschaft mbH

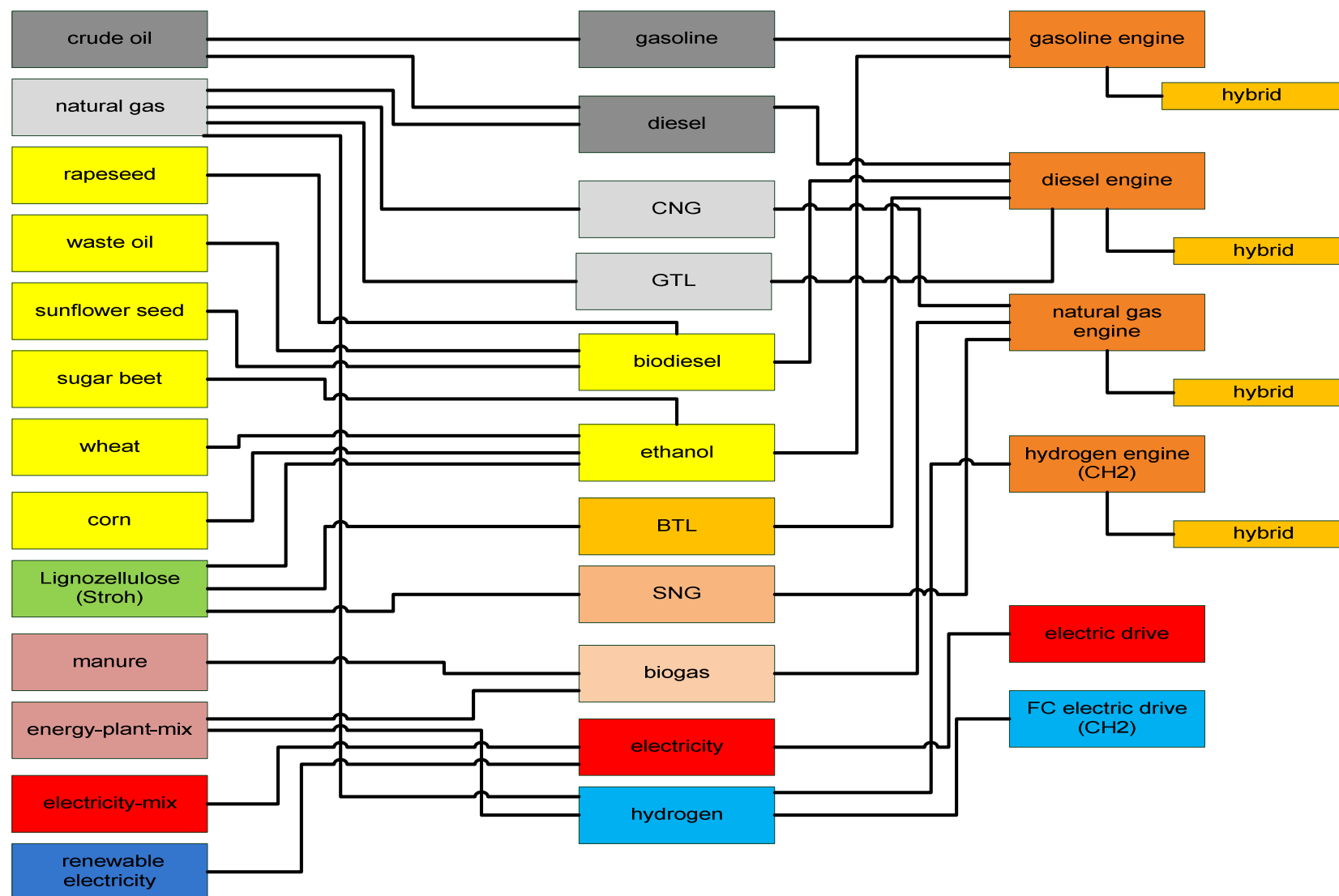
AVL List GmbH



## Objectives:

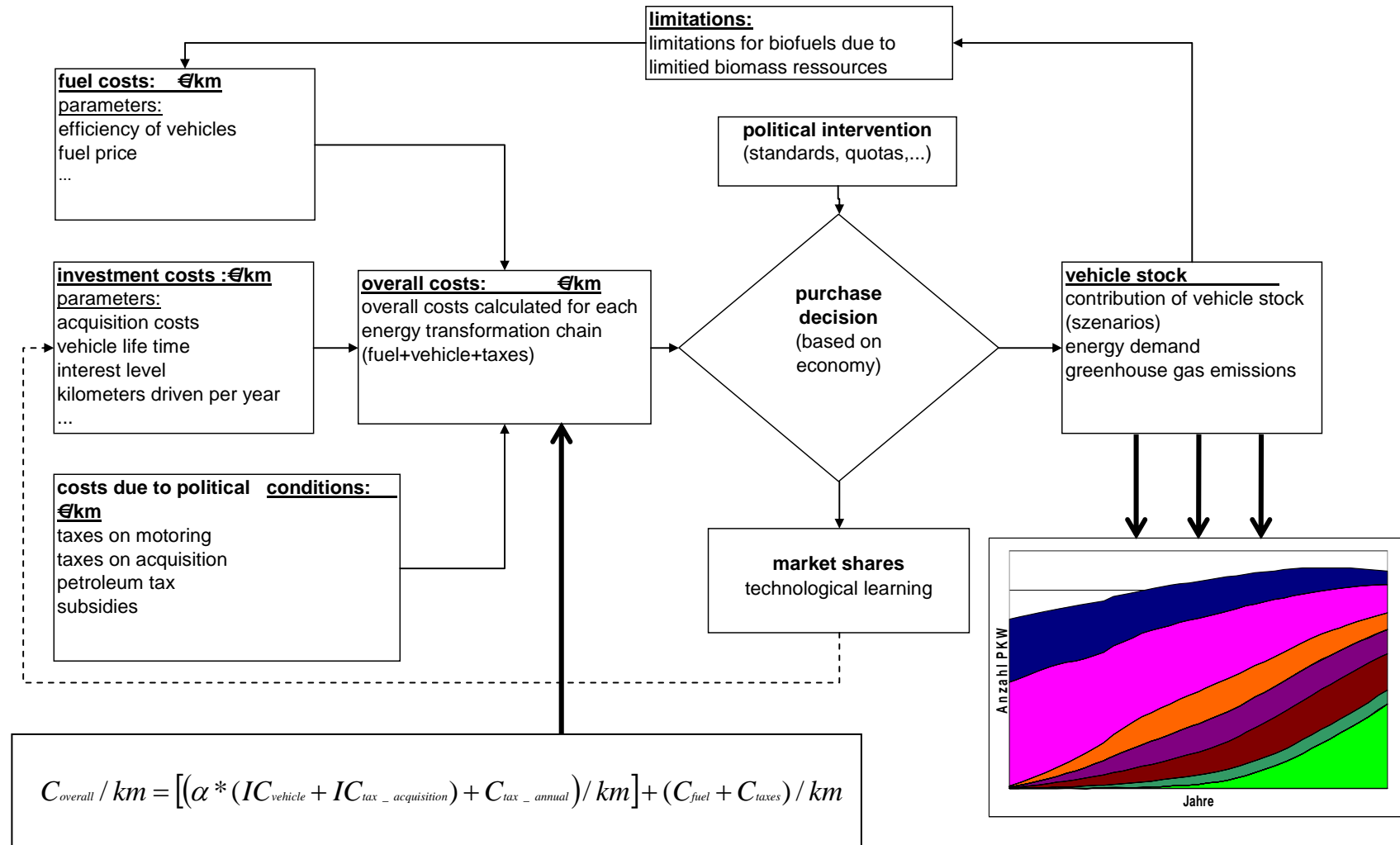
- analysis of the economics of conventional and alternative vehicles and fuels
- estimation of market potentials
- development of scenarios for market shares under different framework conditions
- Analysis of the effects on the Austrian vehicle stock
- Analysis of the effects on energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions of the sector

# Pathways of Energy Transformation:



- Energy Economical Approach
- Determination of a reference vehicle
- dynamic analysis of costs 2010-2050
  - Investment costs
  - fuel costs
  - taxes
- Comparison of costs per kilometre
- Distribution of annual vehicle sales (in terms of propulsion technology)
- Development of overall vehicle stock

- Customer decision is based mainly on economic criteria (costs/km)
- Reference Vehicle: same performance characteristics for all powertrain systems
- Technologies offer the same service level to the user (infrastructure, acceptance...)
- Technology Available (sufficient range of models for each technology)



- **Scenario A:** low crude oil price, policy BAU
- **Scenario B:** high crude oil price, policy BAU
- **Scenario C:** low crude oil price, policy „active“
- **Scenario D:** high crude oil price, policy „active“

## policy BAU:

	2010 - 2015	2016 - 2025	2026 - 2050
<b>tax on ownership</b>			
depending on engine power:			
<b>tax on acquisition</b>			
state 2008			
CO2=160 Bonus/Malus:			
<b>fuel tax</b>			
state 2007			
CNG+Biofuels:			

	Standard:		Alternative:
	€/l, €/kg	€/kWh	€/kWh
Gasoline	0,447	0,051	0,06
Diesel	0,347	0,036	0,06
CNG	0,059	0,004	0,05
GTL	0,347	0,036	0,05
Bioethanol	0	0	0,05
Bioethanol (Ligno)	0	0	0,03
Biodiesel	0	0	0,05
Biomethane	0	0	0,03
BTL	0	0	0,03
SNG	0	0	0,03

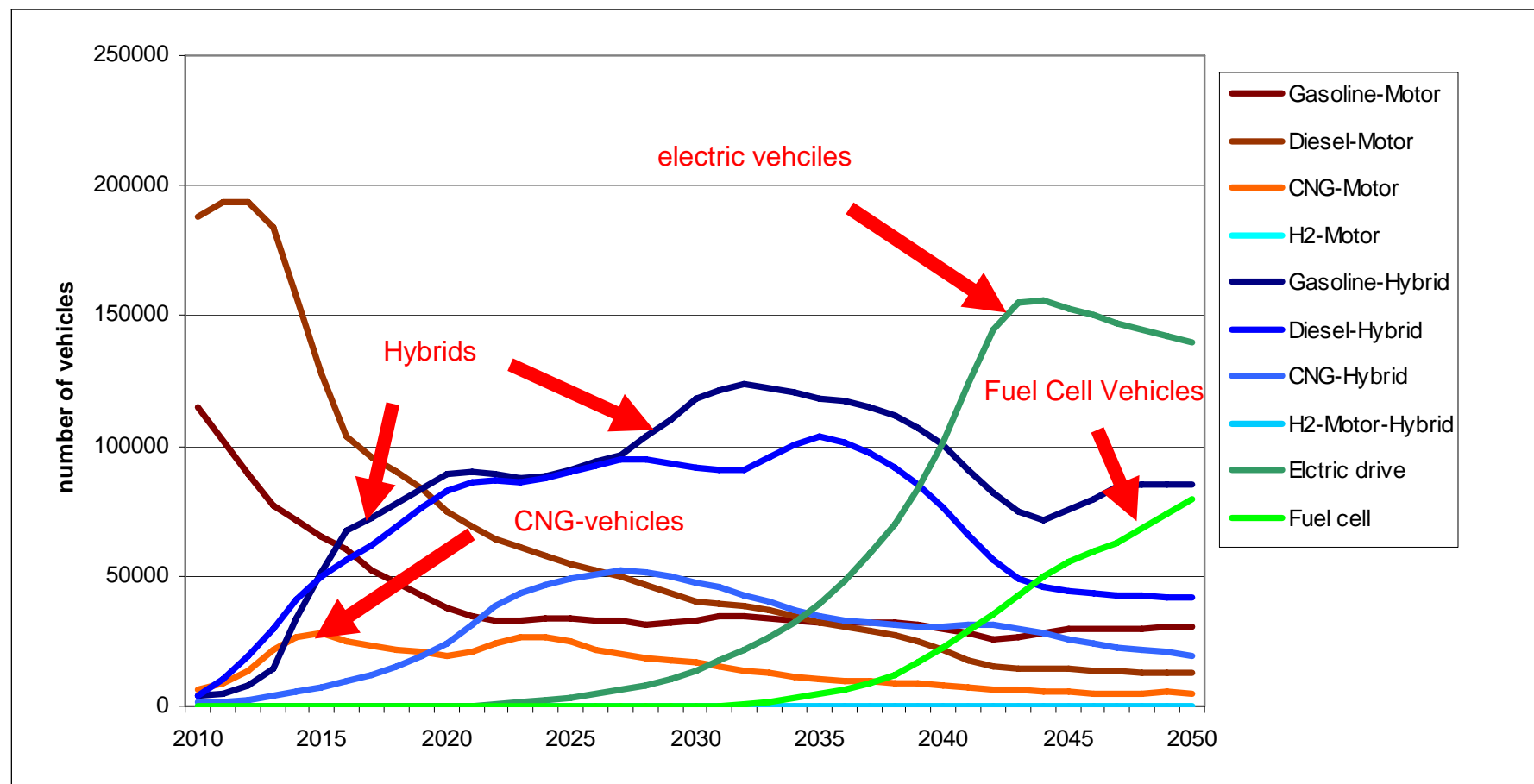


## policy „active“:

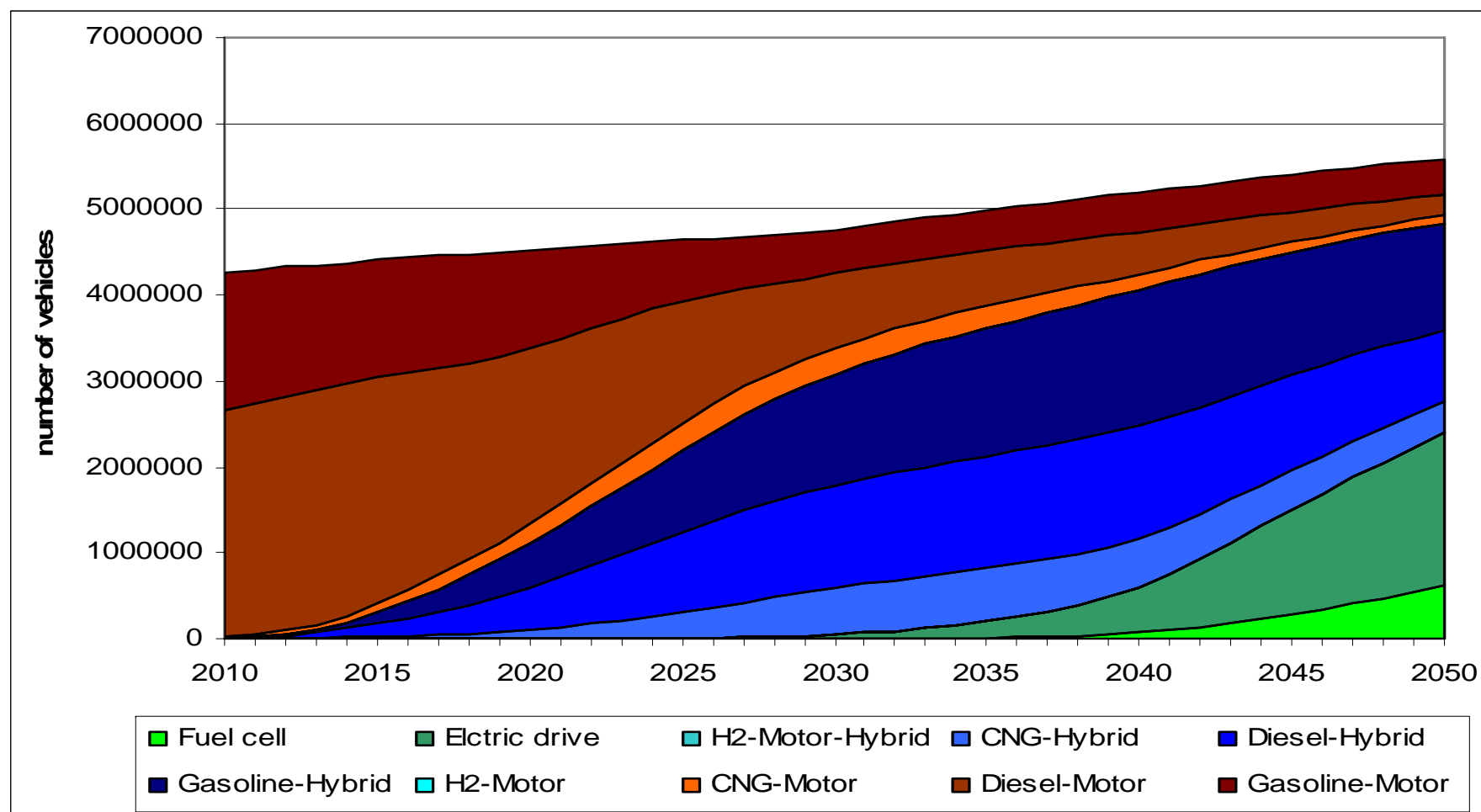
	2010 - 2015	2016 - 2025	2026 - 2035	2036 - 2050		Alternative 2:  €/kWh	Alternative 3:  €/kWh
<b>tax on ownership</b>					gasoline	0,08	0,08
depending on engine power:					diesel	0,08	0,08
<b>tax on acquisition</b>					CNG	0,08	0,08
state 2008					GTL	0,08	0,08
CO2=140 Bonus/Malus					Bioethanol	0,06	0,08
CO2=120 Bonus/Malus					Bioethanol (Ligno)	0,04	0,06
<b>quota:</b>					Biodiesel	0,06	0,08
quota 1:					Biomethane	0,04	0,06
quota 2:					BTL	0,04	0,06
<b>fuel tax</b>					SNG	0,04	0,06
state 2007:					H2 (natural gas)	0,02	0,08
alternative 1:					H2 (renewable)	0,02	0,06
alternative 2:					electricity (mix)	0,04	0,08
alternative 3:					electricity (renewable.)	0,04	0,06

# Results:

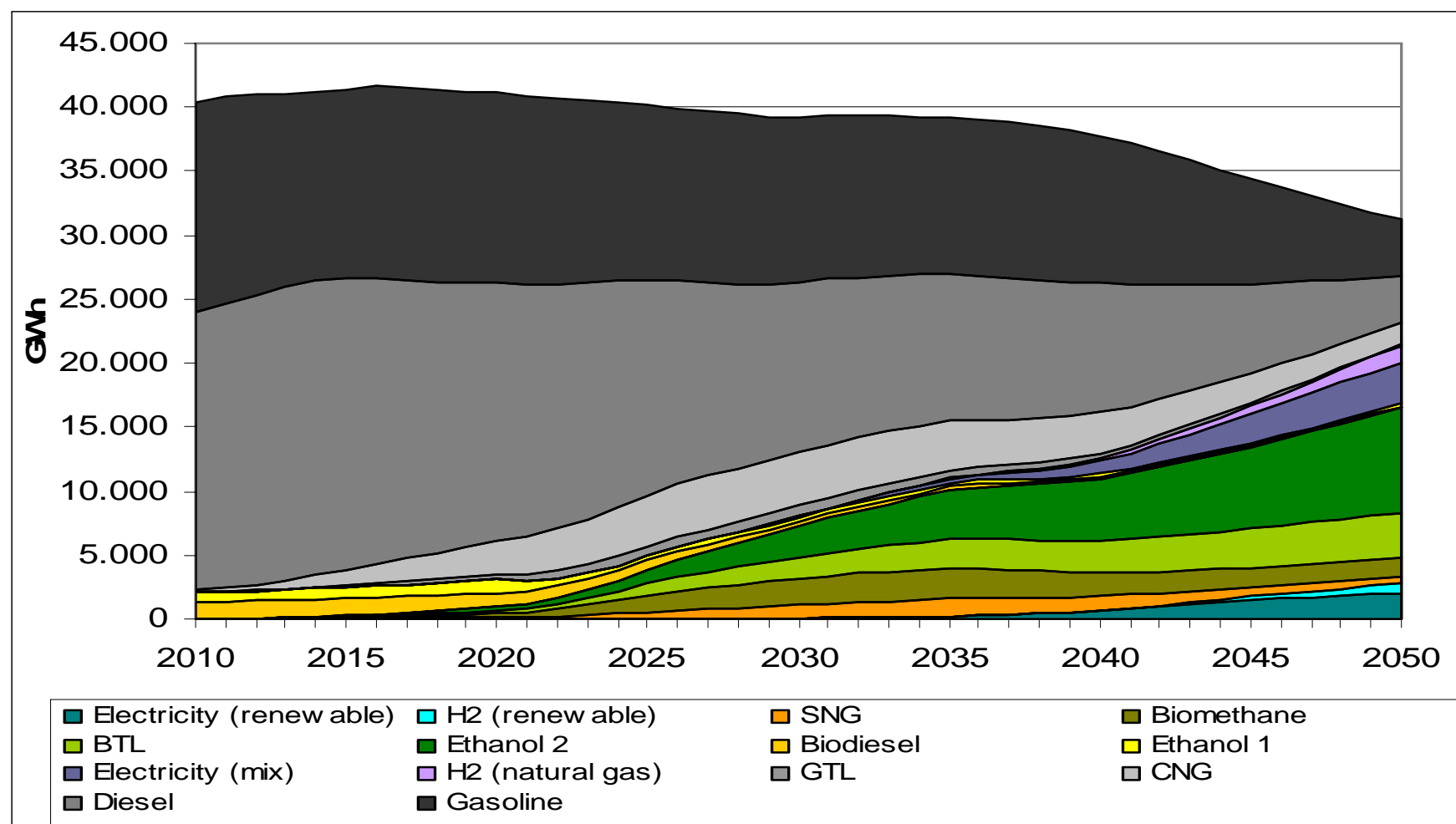
vehicle sales by propulsion technology:



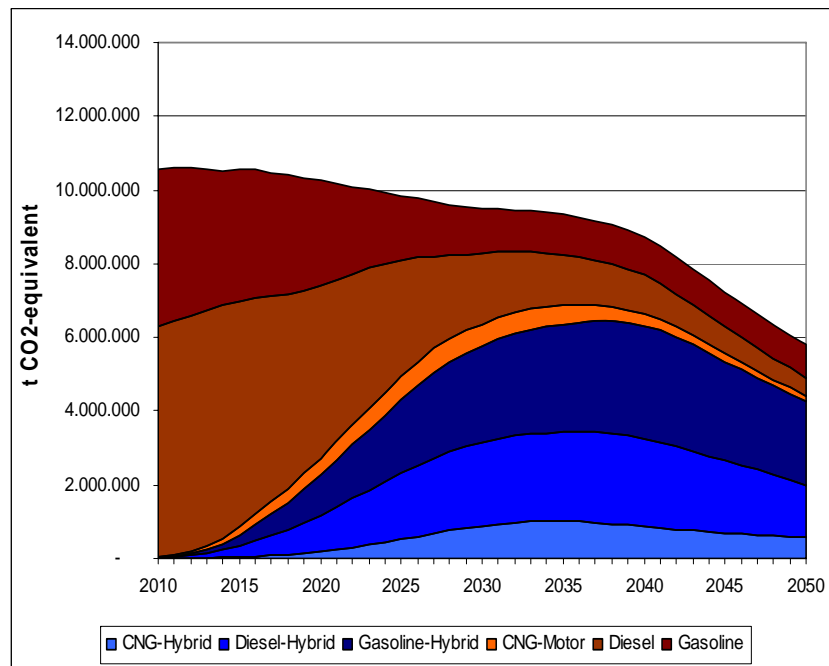
propulsion systems within the vehicle stock:



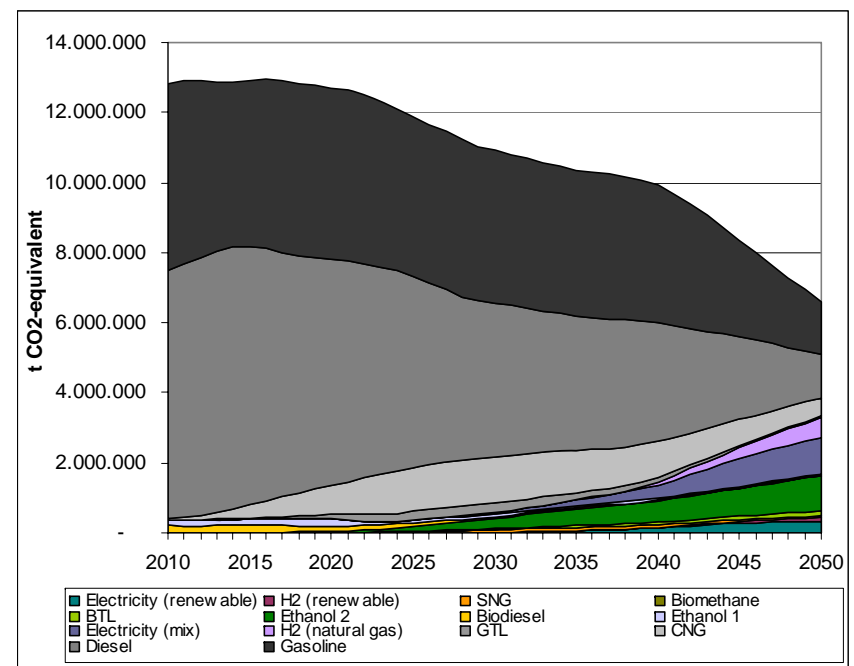
final energy consumption:



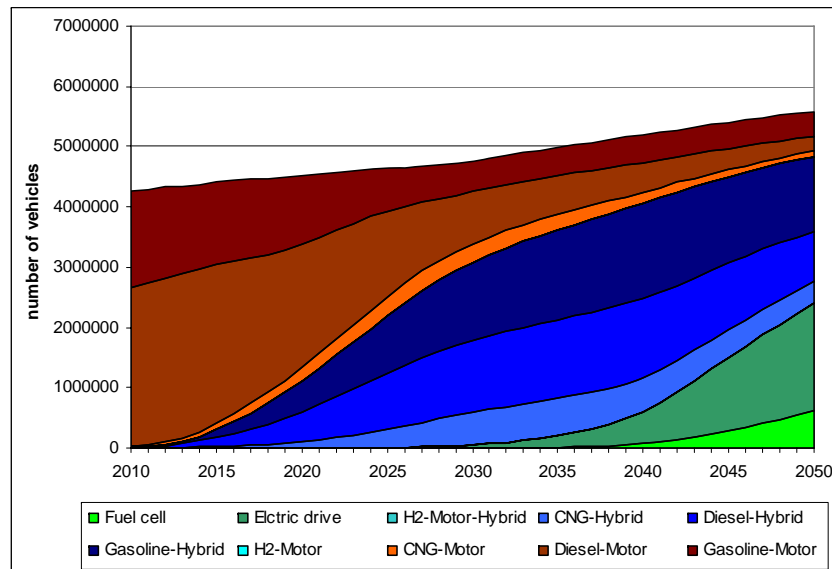
TTW – greenhouse gas – emissions:



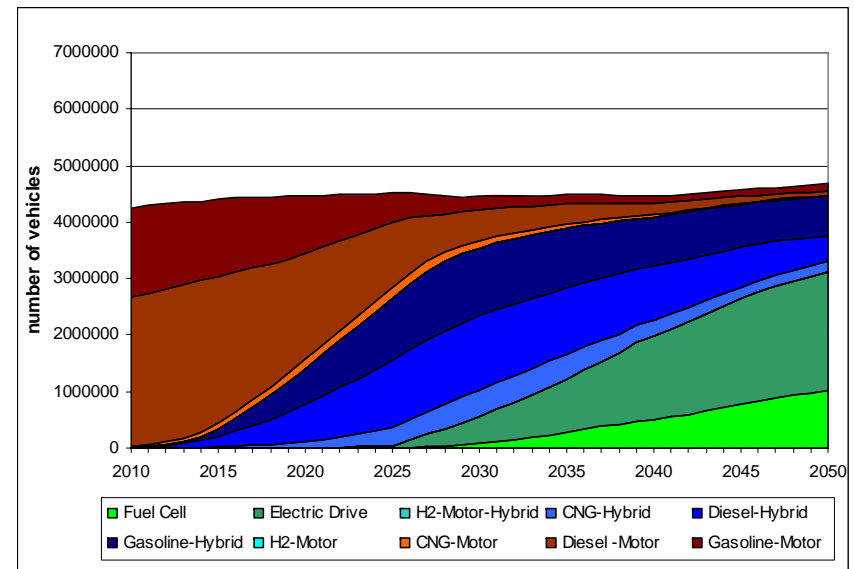
WTW – greenhouse gas – emissions:



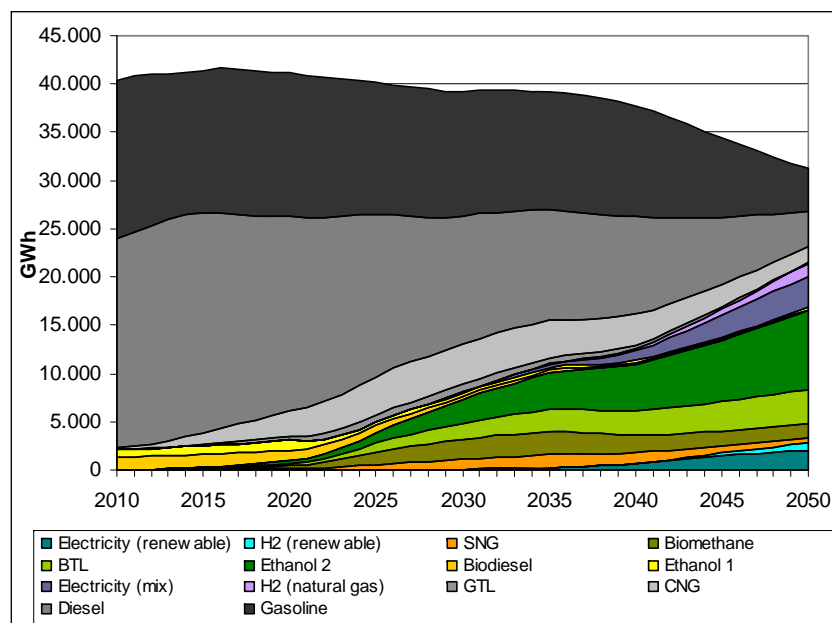
## Scenario A:



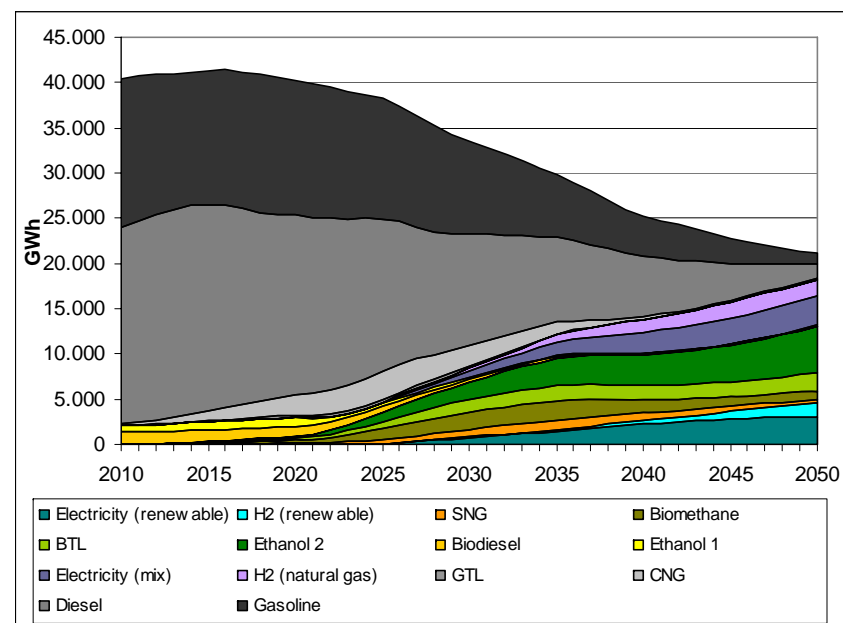
## Scenario D:



**Szenario A:**

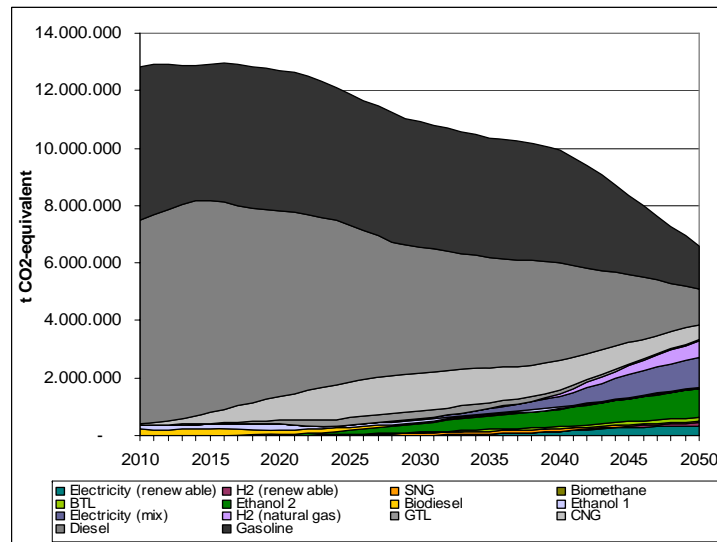
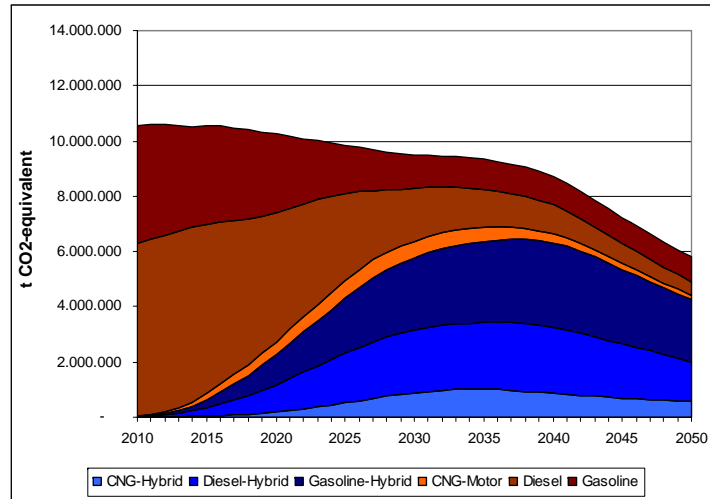


**Szenario D:**

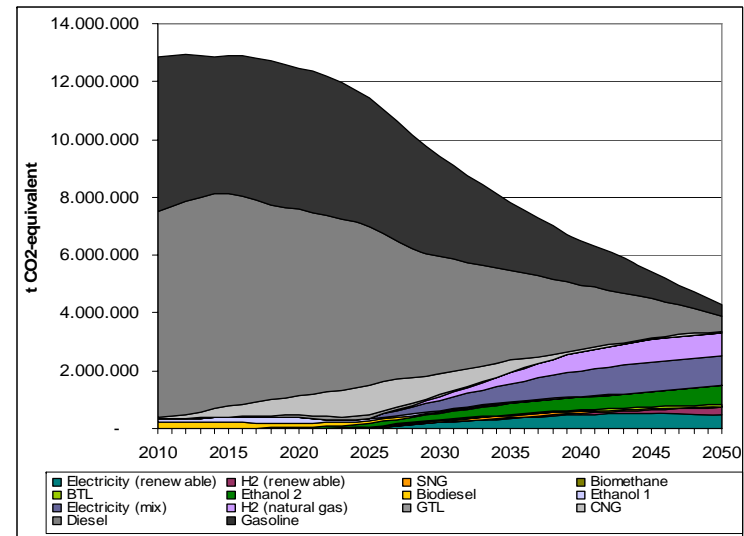
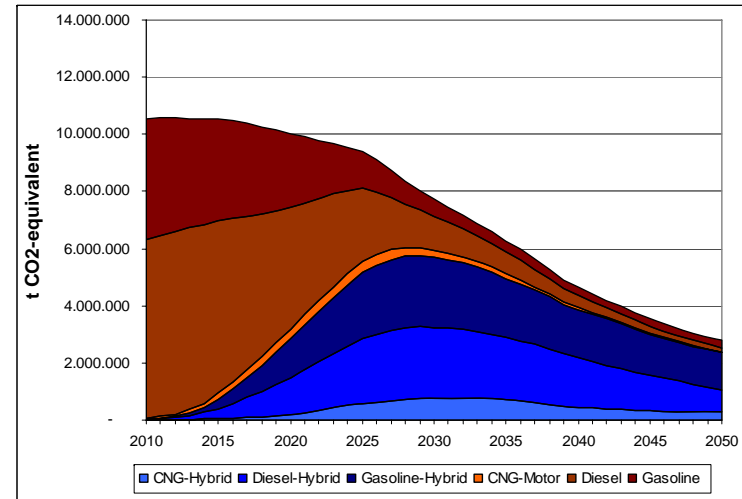




**scenario A:**



**scenario D:**



## Conclusions:

- Even with present political framework conditions (BAU) a strong diffusion of alternative propulsion technologies can be observed
- Diffusion of alternative vehicles is very robust
- Decline in final energy consumptions and greenhouse gas emissions
- Strong diversification of energy carriers
- Strong influence of fuel price and policy measures on overall vehicle stock and energy consumption

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